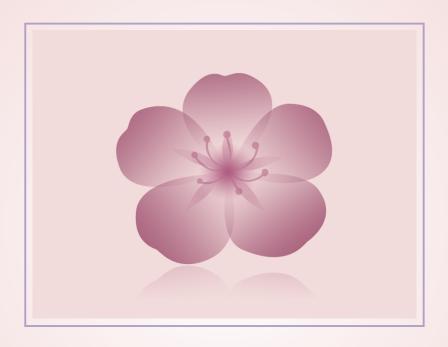
THE URBANHERBALIST



YOUR DAILY MEAL PLAN TIP SHEET



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Healthy Weight! Healthy You! Creating a weekly menu plan especially for you and your family

Good for you! Now that you have decided to embrace a healthier lifestyle, changing your daily dietary habits is an important next step.

Understanding what foods to eat and how much to eat during a day will benefit you in meeting your dietary goals. If you haven't a clue about the amount of calories you are currently eating, take a step back and refer to our **Nutrition Tip Sheet**: **Understanding Your Caloric Intake**.

A well-balanced meal includes food groups that meet your body's nutrition needs.



1. Strive to eat a portion-size vegetable (or fruit), protein and complex grain at each meal.

All <u>vegetables</u> are good to eat with a few exceptions. "Starchy" vegetables like potatoes (sweet & white), corn and peas have more calories and less nutritional benefits. Vegetables contain the main sources of vitamins and minerals that our bodies need to stay healthy and are lower in calories so eat 'em up!

Fresh <u>fruit</u> eaten in season and harvested locally is optimal. Avoid

fruit juices and dried fruit because the sugar concentration is high in these products.

Protein is available in most foods. Legumes, seeds and meats (poultry, fish and red meats like lamb and beef) and dairy foods (milk, butter, cheese and yogurt) are main sources of protein and fat in our diet. Strive to eat no more than 20-35% of your daily calories as fat. Since our bodies naturally produce enough saturated fats to keep us healthy, we do not need to eat more. Keep your

saturated fat intake to no more than 7% of the fat you eat each day.
Main sources of saturated fats sold on the market today: pork, beef, lamb, the skin and dark meat of poultry (chicken and turkey) eggs, milk and cheese.

<u>Grains</u> are sources of both complex and refined carbohydrates. Eliminate refined carbohydrates from your diet. "Refined" carbohydrates are the main source of excess sugar and fat in our diet.

Refined carbohydrates include packaged foods like breads, white pasta, white rice, cookies, cakes and chips.

Complex carbohydrates are grains that are high in minerals and fiber: quinoa, long-grain brown rice, steel-cut oats, rye and 100% whole wheat.

2. Choose an ideal caloric intake for your daily meals.

Strive to eat enough calories to keep you healthy. If you are interested in losing weight cut a minimum of 25% of you daily calories from you diet.

(See Nutrition Tip Sheet: Understanding Your Caloric Intake.)

Choose the amount of calories you want to consume in a day and build your daily menus using one of the following formulas. If you are use to eating throughout the day, it is best to spread your calories across your meal plan.

After 30 days of eating the optimal amount of calories, you can eliminate certain meal times (i.e. snacks) by adding more to your main meals and eat less throughout the day.

Ideally, you want to consume enough calories to satisfy your nutritional needs. This will give you digestive system a much-needed rest!

Strive to eat more calories during your most active time of the day (for example, eat the "dinner" portion for lunch if you are more active mid-day).

Eat the least amount of calories in the evening- and strive stop eating at least two hours before bedtime.

Eating less often during the day will improve your immune system and overall well-being!

Basic Portion Size: The palm of your hand!

1200 Calories Per Day

MEAL	FOODS	
BREAKFAST	1 Protein + 1 Fruit or Vegetable	
LUNCH	1 Protein + 1 Vegetable + Leafy Green + optional condiment	
DINNER	1 Protein + 1 Grain +2 Vegetables + Leafy Green	
SNACK	1 Protein Snack + 1 Fruit or Vegetable	

1200 Calories Sample Menu

MEAL	FOODS	
BREAKFAST	1 cup plain low-fat Kefir yogurt drink, 1 cup mixed fresh berries	
LUNCH	Chicken salad on 100% whole wheat bread with lettuce & tomato	
DINNER	Red beans & brown rice; mixed green salad with balsamic	
	dressing	
SNACK	1 tbsp Nut butter (peanut, sesame, sunflower) on celery slices	

1500 Calories Per Day

MEAL	FOODS	
BREAKFAST	1 Protein + 1 Fruit or Vegetable	
LUNCH	1 Protein + 1 Vegetable + Leafy Green + 1 Grain + 1 Fruit optional condiment	
DINNER	2 Proteins +1 Grain + 2 Vegetables + Leafy Green + optional	
	condiment	
SNACK	1 Protein Snack + 1 Vegetable	

1500 Calories Sample Menu

MEAL	FOODS	
BREAKFAST	Kashi cereal with 2% milk, banana	
LUNCH	Tuna salad on Rye toast with romaine lettuce, onion; apple slices	
DINNER	Whole wheat pasta with ground turkey in tomato sauce; sauté	
	spinach, onions & zucchini in olive oil	
SNACK	½ cup of mixed roasted sesame and sunflower seeds with sun-	
	dried raisins; ½ raw red bell pepper, sliced	

1800 Calories Per Day

MEAL	FOODS	
BREAKFAST	1 Protein + 1 Fruit (or vegetable)	
LUNCH	2 Proteins + 2 Vegetables + Leafy Green + 1 Grain + Fruit +	
	optional condiment	
DINNER	2 Protein +1 Grain + 2 Vegetables + Leafy Green + optional	
	condiments	
SNACK	1 Protein Snack + 1 Fruit or Vegetable	

1800 Calories Sample Menu

MEAL	FOODS	
BREAKFAST	1 cup Oatmeal with 2% milk, 1 tbsp honey and ½ cup fresh	
	blueberries	
LUNCH	Open-faced sandwich (Multi-grain toast, avocado, onion, tomato &	
	alfalfa sprouts- slice of melted provolone cheese on top)	
DINNER	Baked halibut with roasted red potato, carrots and cauliflower in	
	Olive Oil; green salad	
SNACK	1 cup low-fat frozen yogurt; orange slices	

2200 Calories Per Day

MEAL	FOODS		
BREAKFAST	2 Proteins + 1 Fruit or Vegetable + 1 Grain		
LUNCH	2 Proteins + 2 Vegetables + Leafy Green +1 Grain +1 Fruit +		
	optional condiment		
DINNER	2 Proteins + 2 Grains + 2 Vegetables + Leafy Green + optional		
	condiment		
SNACK	1 Protein + 1 Fruit or Vegetable		

2200 Calories Sample Menu

MEAL	FOODS	
BREAKFAST	1 egg omelet (cheese, peppers, tomato, onions); 1 slice multi-grain	
	toast (1 tbsp jam or honey)	
LUNCH	Tortilla salad with brown rice, black beans, chicken (OR sour	
	cream), salsa & romaine lettuce; orange slices	
DINNER	Broiled lamb chop, brown rice, Swiss chard topped with roasted	
	brussel sprouts with toasted sesame seeds in sesame seed oil	
SNACK	Kind protein bar; 1 cup red grapes	

SAMPLE FOODS BY CATEGORY

You can learn about the specific calories in foods using "Food-A-Pedia" the USDA's on-line encyclopedia of foods.

https://www.supertracker.usda.gov/foodapedia.aspx

PRO	TEIN
LEGUMES/BEANS/SEEDS	Lentils Adzuki Beans
	Navy Beans Sunflower Seeds
	Small Red Beans Sesame Seeds
	Black Beans Pumpkin Seeds
	Garbanzo Coconut
	Mung Beans
FISH	Salmon-wild caught
	Cod
	Halibut
	Whiting
	Sardines
POULTY	Turkey
	Chicken
	Eggs
	Duck
DAIRY	2% Milk
	Cheese, soft and white (Mozzarella,
	Ricotta, Feta, Provolone, Gouda, Cottage)
	Low-fat yogurt, plain
RED MEAT	Lamb, roasted or broiled
	Low-fat Beef, roasted or broiled

GRAINS	Oats	
	Quinoa (Cous Cous)	
	Long grain Brown Rice	
	Basmati Rice	
	Whole Wheat Pasta	
	Vegetable Pastas	
	Pita Bread	
	Rye Bread	
	100% Whole Wheat Bread	
	100% Multi-Grain Bread	
	Kashi Cereal	
	Grape Nuts	
	Raisin Bran	
	All-Bran	
	Cheerios (plain)	

VEGETABLE	LEAFY GREENS
Asparagus	Romaine Lettuce
Broccoli	Spinach
Brussels sprouts	Mixed Field Greens
Carrots	Swiss Chard
Cauliflower	
Celery	Alfalfa sprouts
Cucumber	Mung Bean sprouts
Eggplant	
Onions	
Parsnip	
Peppers	
Squash, Butternut	
Tomatoes	
Zucchini	

FRUIT	Apples	Nectarine
	Apricot	Orange
	Avocado	Papaya
	Blackberries	Peach
	Blueberries	Pear
	Cantaloupe	Banana
	Cranberries	Pineapple
	Grapefruit	Raspberries
	Grapes	Strawberries
	Guava	Tangerine
	Kiwi	Watermelon
	Mango	

Condiments are foods that "compliment" or add more flavor to your meal. Samples of condiments by food category:

PROTEIN	Oils: Olive, Sunflower, Safflower
	Salad Dressings (low-fat, low sugar)
	Braggs Amino Acid, Cream, Mayonnaise
VEGETABLE	Herbs & Spices; Garlic
	Salsa, Vinegar, Mustard
	Ketchup, Hot Sauce, Worcestershire sauce
	Broths (low sodium)
FRUIT	Jam, Jelly
	Honey
	Lemon juice
	Wine, cooking
	Extracts (Vanilla, peppermint, etc)